Claims

What is claimed is:

5 1. A method for reconstructing a synthetic network, the method comprising the steps of:

determining, on a node-by-node basis, connections existing between nodes in the network by the steps of:

sequentially forcing an output of a node in the network to a value

10 of zero;

computing a similarity measure between the output of the node and an output of one or more other nodes in the network; and

placing one or more putative connections based on the similarity measure.

15

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the network comprises a synthetic biological network.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein at least one of the connections comprises 20 a local connection.
 - 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the network comprises at least one source node and at least one target node.
- 5. The method of claim 4, wherein the at least one source node exerts a positive influence on the at least one target node.

- 6. The method of claim 4, wherein the at least one source node exerts a negative influence on the at least one target node.
- 7. The method of claim 1, wherein the network comprises at least one randomly generated connection.
 - 8. The method of claim 1, wherein the network comprises all randomly generated connections.
- 9. The method of claim 1, wherein the network comprises at least one connection representative of one or more connections found in a transcriptional regulatory network of *Escherichia coli*.
- 10. The method of claim 1, wherein sequentially forcing the output of the node in the network to a value of zero comprises experimental manipulation.
 - 11. The method of claim 1, wherein sequentially forcing the output of the node in the network to a value of zero comprises manipulating a gene.
- 20 12. The method of claim 1, wherein each of the nodes in the network comprises at least one outgoing connection.
 - 13. The method of claim 1, wherein the placing step further comprises the steps of:
- computing a similarity value; and comparing the similarity value to a threshold value.

- 14. The method of claim 13, wherein the threshold value comprises an optimal threshold value.
- 15. The method of claim 13, wherein the threshold value balances true positives with true negatives.
 - 16. The method of claim 13, wherein the threshold value balances false positives with false negatives.
- 10 17. The method of claim 13, wherein the similarity value comprises a correlation value.
 - 18. The method of claim 13, wherein the similarity value is less than the threshold value indicating that no connection between the nodes exists.
 - 19. The method of claim 13, wherein the similarity value comprises a Pearson correlation coefficient.
- 20. The method of claim 13, wherein the similarity value is calculated for a plurality of possible pairings of nodes in the network.
 - 21. The method of claim 13, wherein the similarity value is calculated for a subset of possible pairings of nodes in the network.
- 25 22. The method of claim 1, wherein each of the connections comprises an order corresponding to a minimum number of individual connections needed to traverse from the node to the one or more other nodes.

15

- 23. The method of claim 22, wherein the order is used to reduce false correlations.
- 5 24. The method of claim 23, wherein the false correlations comprise false positive correlations.
 - 25. The method of claim 23, wherein the false correlations comprise false negative correlations.

26. The method of claim 23, wherein false correlations are reduced using triangle reduction.

- 27. The method of claim 22, wherein the order is used to reduce false correlations by distinguishing first order connections from all other order connections.
 - 28. An apparatus for reconstructing a synthetic network, the apparatus comprising:

a memory; and

at least one processor operative to:

determine, on a node-by-node basis, connections existing between nodes in the network by the steps of:

sequentially forcing an output of a node in the network to a value of zero;

25 computing a similarity measure between the output of the node and an output of one or more other nodes in the network; and

10

placing one or more putative connections based on the similarity measure.

- 29. An article of manufacture for reconstructing a synthetic network, 5 comprising:
 - a computer-readable medium having computer-readable code embodied thereon, the computer-readable code comprising:
 - a step to determine, on a node-by-node basis, connections existing between nodes in the network by the steps of:
- sequentially forcing an output of a node in the network to a value of zero;
 - computing a similarity measure between the output of the node and an output of one or more other nodes in the network; and

placing one or more putative connections based on the similarity

15 measure.